

REPORT ON

SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF
PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

Submitted to

CHIEF ENGINEER
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PREFACE

The present report on sub-soil investigation was carried out as per Chief Engineer, BSEIDC, Patna letter no BSEIDC/TECH/1960/2018-4981 dated 03.09.2019.

The entire investigation process was broadly divided into two category –one field work and second was laboratory work.

Field work includes conducting SPT ,Dynamic cone test, collection of disturbed as well as undisturbed soil samples from different location and different depth of sub-soil strata.

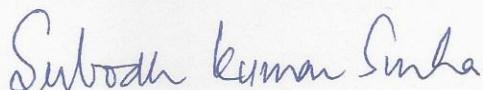
It was tried to get information from local people to get an idea about variation of water table during different season of year and also to get first hand information about type of foundation usually provided in the locality.

We thanks Prof. M.P.Jakhanwal (Retired) ,M.Tech ,Ph.D. ,Muzaffarpur Institute of Technology, Muzaffarpur for his

valuable advice during laboratory test and during preparation of report.

Client's help is gratefully acknowledged in providing Bore hole locations, cooperation and guidance during finalization of report.

We belief that the present report will serve the purpose, for which sub-soil investigation has been carried out.



SUBODH KUMAR SINHA
Partner, Shamvvi Consultant

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REPORT ON SUB-SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

1. INTRODUCTION

The objective of subsoil investigation reported here in, were taken up, to find out the nature of subsoil at the site of the proposed construction and to recommend the type or types of foundation suitable for it and the corresponding allowable bearing capacity.

The necessary field tests were carried out at the site. Soil samples from various depths in the different bore holes were collected, transported, carefully to the laboratory and tested to determine the engineering properties of the soil.

Based on the test results, certain recommendation were made and given in this report, regarding the type of foundation suitable for the proposed project and the allowable bearing capacity for certain sizes thereof.

2. TOPOGRAPHY

The land in question was even.

3. FIELD WORK

The field work consists of boring, soil sampling and conduct of Standard penetration tests and Dynamic cone penetration tests.

3.1 BORING

An appropriate number of boreholes of adequate depth were sunk at suitable spots as per direction of Engineer-in-charge. The details of the boreholes are given in table-1.

Table 1: Details of bore holes

DIAMETER OF BORE MM	DEPTH M	BORE HOLE
150	10.5	3 Bore Holes (BH-1 to BH-3)

The borings were kept dry while advancing through partially saturated soil. The position of water table in a borehole was recorded at least 48 hours after the stopping of the boring operation.

For boring below ground water level, the borehole was kept filled with water upto that level during boring.

3.2 SAMPLING

Undisturbed & disturbed samples were collected at different depth/where change of strata occurred. Identification slips were provided both inside and outside the tube.

On arrival in laboratory, the identification slips were checked against the boring and sampling records. Samples were extracted from the tubes just before testing.

3.3 STANDARD PENETRATION TEST

This test was performed in the boreholes at interval of depth of 1.5m, or at the change of starta/ as per IS: 2131 of 1963.

3.4 DYNAMIC CONE PENETRATION TEST

This test was performed when a bore hole could not be advanced to desired depth due to caving- in of the soil, or when it was felt necessary to supplement the information gained from SPT. This test was performed, as per

CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

relevant IS code till high value of penetration resistance was encountered or till desired depth of investigation was reached, at which stage the test was stopped.

4. LABORATORY TEST

Lab. Test was performed to determine the following properties of soil samples as per relevant I.S. code.

- (a) Natural moisture content.
- (b) Bulk density.
- (c) Atterberg's limits (on fine grained soil only)
- (d) Grain size analysis.
- (e) Specific gravity.
- (f) Shear test.
- (i) Unconfined/triaxial compression tests for fine-grained soils.
- (ii) Direct shear test for coarse-grained soils.
- (g) Consolidation tests for fine grained soils.
- (h) Organic content, chemical test etc.
- (i) pH of soil and water.
- (j) Free swell Index
- (k) Crushing strength test (uniaxial)

4.1 SAMPLE EXTRACTION & PREPARATION OF TEST SPECIMENS

Samples for different tests were prepared as per method described in relevant IS code/as per method described in standard book.

4.2 ROUTINE CLASSIFICATION TESTS.

Tests for the determination of natural moisture content, bulk density, Atterberg's limit, grain size distribution and specific gravity were performed as per IS code on representative disturbed soil samples, wherever felt necessary. The results were used in classifying the soils of different strata as per IS code 1498-1970.

5.0 PRESENTATION OF TEST RESULT

Results were presented in table form on the following pages.

6.0 METHOD FOR CALCULATION OF ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY

6.1 COHESIVE SOIL

Net ultimate bearing capacity was calculated as per IS-6403-1981.
 $q_d = cN_cS_cD_cI_c$

q_d = net ultimate bearing capacity

$N_c=5.14$

$S_c=1$ for strip footing

$D_c=1+0.2*D/B$

$I_c=1$ for vertical loading

c = cohesion obtained through unconfined compression test for depth of $2B/3$ below the foundation.

CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

Settlement criteria

$$S = H / (1 + e_0) * C_c * \log((p_0 + p_1) / p_0)$$

S= settlement

H=thickness of compressible layer

e₀=initial void ratio

p₀=initial effective pressure

p₁=pressure increment

C_c=compression index

6.2 Soil with the value of c & θ

Net ultimate bearing capacity was calculated as per IS 6403-1981

$$Q_d = c N_c S_c D_c I_c + q (N_q - 1) S_q D_q I_q + 0.5 R * B N_r * S_r * D_r * I_r * w'$$

For local shear failure

$$\tan \theta' = 0.67 * \tan \theta$$

$$C' = 2 * c / 3$$

S_c=S_q=S_r=1 for strip footing

$$D_c = 1 + 0.2 * (D/B) * \tan(45 + \theta/2)$$

I_c=I_q=I_r=1 for vertical loading

$$D_q = D_r = 1 + 0.1 * (D/B) \tan(45 + \theta/2)$$

$$q = (R - R_w) * D$$

M= moisture content

R= bulk density of soil

R_w=unit weight of water

L.L.= liquid limit

P.L.=plastic limit

S.L.= shrinkage limit

D=depth below ground level

Settlement criteria

The net allowable bearing capacity for a permissible settlement of 25mm, was obtained by

CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

teng's formula

$$Q_{na}=3.5*(N-3)*\{(B+0.3)/2*B\}*\{(B+0.3)/2*B\}*w'*F_d$$

N= corrected N

$F_d=1+D/B$ less than or equal to 2

7.0 METHOD FOR CALCLATION OF CAPACITY OF CAST-IN-SITU PLANE PILE AS PER BIS 2911 Part I/Sec 2-1979

7.1 COHESIVE SOIL

Net ultimate bearing capacity of pile is given by :

$$Q=A_p*N_c*C_p + a * C * A_s$$

A_p =cross sectional area of pile toe in cm^2

N_c =Bearing capacity factor usually taken as 9

C_p =average cohesion at pile tip in Kg/cm

a =reduction factor

C = average cohesion throughout the length of pile in kg/cm^2

A_s = surface area of pile shaft in cm^2

8.0 METHOD FOR CALCLATION OF CAPACITY OF CAST-IN-SITU PLANE PILE AS PER BIS 2911 Part III-1980

8.1 COHESIVE SOIL

Net ultimate bearing capacity of pile is given by :

$$Q=A_p*N_c*C_p + A_a N_c C'a + C'a*A_s' + \alpha * C_a * A_s$$

A_p =cross sectional area of pile toe in cm^2

N_c =Bearing capacity factor usually taken as 9

C_p = cohesion of soil around toe.

a =reduction factor

$$A_a=\pi*(D_u^2 - D^2)/4$$

$C'a$ = average cohesion around under ream

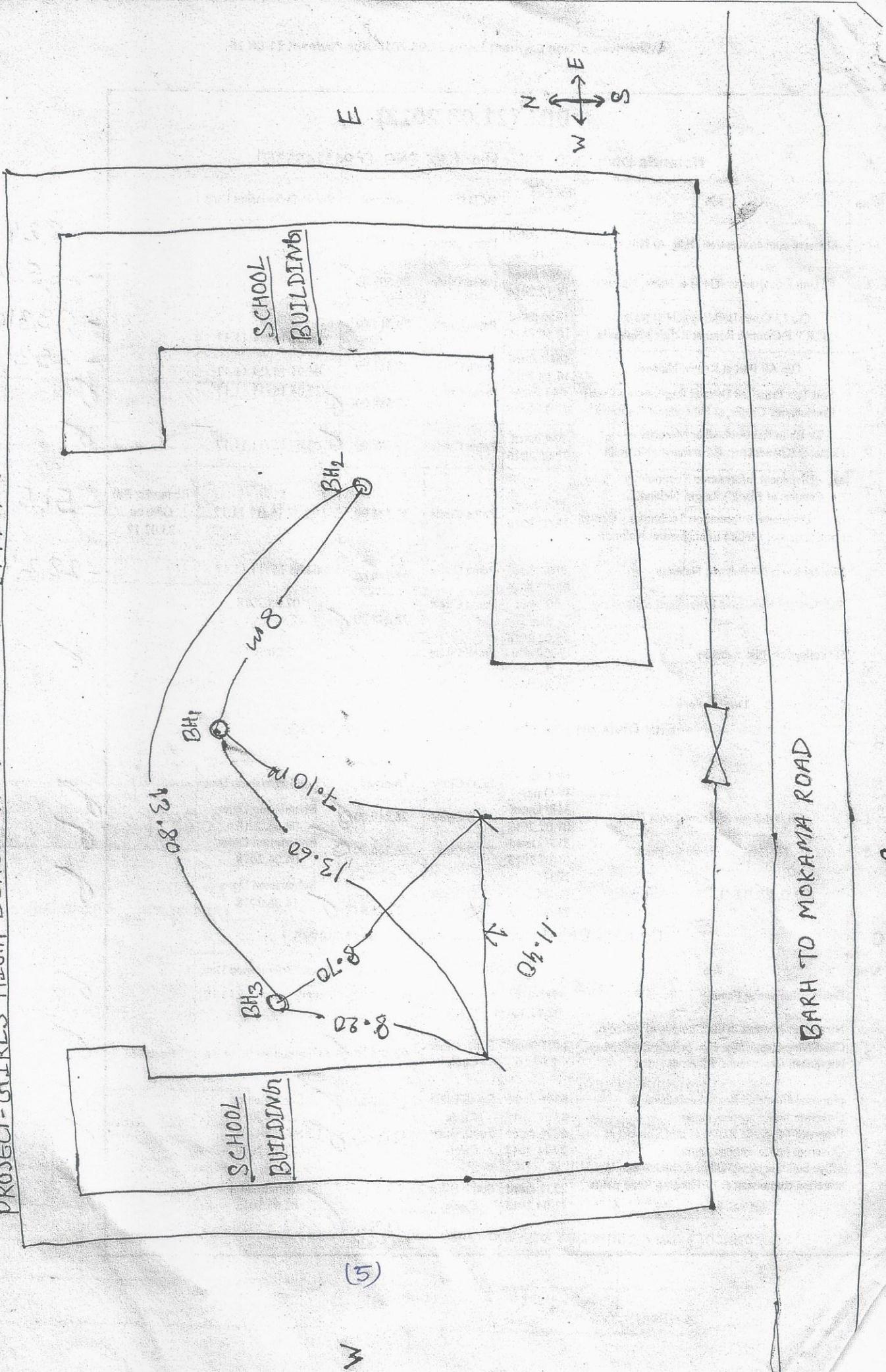
D_u =dia of under-ream, D =dia of pile

A_s = surface area of pile shaft in cm^2

A_s' =surface area of stem

$A's$ =surface area of the cylinder circumscribing the under ream.

PROSPECT-GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL AT PANDARAK BAHU PATNA



NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARK, PATNA		TABLE NO.2	
		BORE HOLE NO : BH1	TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5
		WATER TABLE DEPTH : 3.5M	BORE HOLE NO : BH1
SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE CURVE	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS
SPT BLOWS PER 30 CM	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE CORRECTED VALUE	CLAY (%) SILT (%) SAND (%) GRAVEL (%)
DS G.L.			
UDS 1			Blackish clay CL 0.5 1.45 98.1 34 16 18 1.99 1.68 18.6 2.65 UUT 0.36 16.0 0.81 0.12
SPT1 1.5	9		Blackish clay CL 0.50 1.86 97.6 35 16 19 1.99 1.67 19.5 2.65 UUT 0.40 16.00
UDS 2			Blackish clay CL 0.50 2.50 97.0 42 16 26 1.99 1.59 25.3 2.65 UUT 0.16 13.00 0.28
SPT2 3	11		Reddish Silty clay CL 0.50 1.60 97.9 35 16 19 1.99 1.61 23.7 2.65 UUT 0.30 13.00
UDS 3			
SPT3 4.5	3		
UDS 4			
SPT4 6	5		
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRAXIAL SHEAR TEST		UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST	
! SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE	UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE	DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE	
NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 t/m ²			

SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF SOIL WITH B.I.S.	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS			NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN KG/cm ²	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, q (cm ³ /kg)	COMPRESSION TEST, q (kg/cm ²)	VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY MV	BORE HOLE NO : BH1	TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5	WATER TABLE DEPTH : 3.5M	BORE HOLE NO : BH1	TABLE NO : 3	
					5	10	20			LIMITS	DENSITY	ATTERBERG'S LIMITS								
UDS 5				Reddish Silty clay CL	0.4	2.7	96.9	35	18	17	1.99	1.62	22.5	2.65						
SPT5 7.5 6				Reddish Silty clay CL	0.60	2.60	96.8	35	18	17	1.99	1.61	23.50	2.65	UUT	0.70	13.00			
UDS 6				Reddish Silty clay CL	0.80	2.60	96.6	35	18	17	1.99	1.61	23.40	2.65	UUT	0.70	13.00			
DS7																				
SPT7 10.5 15																				
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST				UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST				DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST				SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE								
! SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE	UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE				NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 t/m ²															

NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA		TABLE NO .4																											
SHANMUKH CONSULTANTS ,414-J.T.C.,FRASER ROAD, PATNA	SAMPLE NO	SPT BLOWS PER 30 CM	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE CURVE			GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS			ATTERBERG LIMITS		DENSITY	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	CONSISTENCY LIMITS	BORING DATES	TERMINATION DEPTH:10.5	BORE HOLE NO :BH2												
DS	G.L.	OBSERVED VALUE	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	CORRECTED VALUE	OF SOIL WITH B.I.S. CLASSIFICATION	CLAY (%)	SILT (%)	SAND (%)	PLASTIC LIMIT	Liquid Limit	Dry Density (gm/cm ³)	Bulk Density (gm/cm ³)	Cohesion c (kg/cm ²)	Angle of Friction in Degree	Void Ratio e _o	Unconfined Compression Test	Shear Test												
UDS ₁					Blackish clay CL	0.6	2.10	97.3	35	16	19	1.99	1.68	18.6	2.65	UUT	0.4	16.0											
UDS ₂					Blackish clay CL	0.50	2.10	97.4	35	16	19	1.99	1.66	19.8	2.65	UUT	0.4	16.00											
UDS ₃					Blackish clay CL	0.40	1.80	97.8	35	18	17	1.99	1.60	24.6	2.64	UUT	0.15	13.00											
UDS ₄					Blackish clay CL	0.40	1.70	97.9	35	18	17	1.99	1.63	22.4	2.65	UUT	0.40	12.00											
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST						UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST																							
1	SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDED SAMPLE					UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE																							
NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 t/m ²																													
SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE																													

SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF SOIL WITH B.I.S	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS			ATTERBERG'S LIMITS	DENSITY	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	CONSISTENCY LIMITS	VOID RATIO eo	INDEX GC	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, q (kg/cm²)	COMPRESSION TEST, q (kg/cm²)	VOLUME COMPRESSIBILITY MV (cm³/kg)	BORE HOLE NO : BH2	TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5	BORING DATES	TABLE NO : 5
					5	10	20													
UDS 5				Blackish clay CL	0.1	2.7	97.2	34	18	16	1.99	1.61	23.3	2.65	UUT	0.5	12.0			
SPT5 7.5 6				Reddish Silty clay CL	0.60	2.40	97.0	34	18	16	1.99	1.61	23.30	2.65						
UDS 6				Reddish Silty clay CL	0.60	2.60	96.8	34	18	16	1.99	1.61	23.80	2.65	UUT	0.70	13.00			
SPT6 9.0 14																				
DS7																				
SPT7 10.5 17																				
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST					UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST					DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST					SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE					
SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE	UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE					NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 kN/m²														

NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA		TERMINATION DEPTH : 10.5		TABLE NO.:6	
		START : 20.09.2019 DEPTH : 3.5M		WATER TABLE BORE HOLE NO : BH3	
		FINISH : 20.09.2019			
SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	SPT BLOWS PER 30 CM	STANDARD PENETRATION RESISTANCE CURVE	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS	ATTERBERG'S LIMITS
DS	G.L.	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	DENSITY	DRY DENSITY (gm/cm ³)
UDS 1					
SPT1 1.5	7				
UDS 2					
SPT2 3	12				
UDS 3					
SPT3 4.5	4				
UDS 4					
SPT4 6	7				

UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST

! SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDED SAMPLE

UDS : UNDISTURBED SAMPLE

UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST

DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST

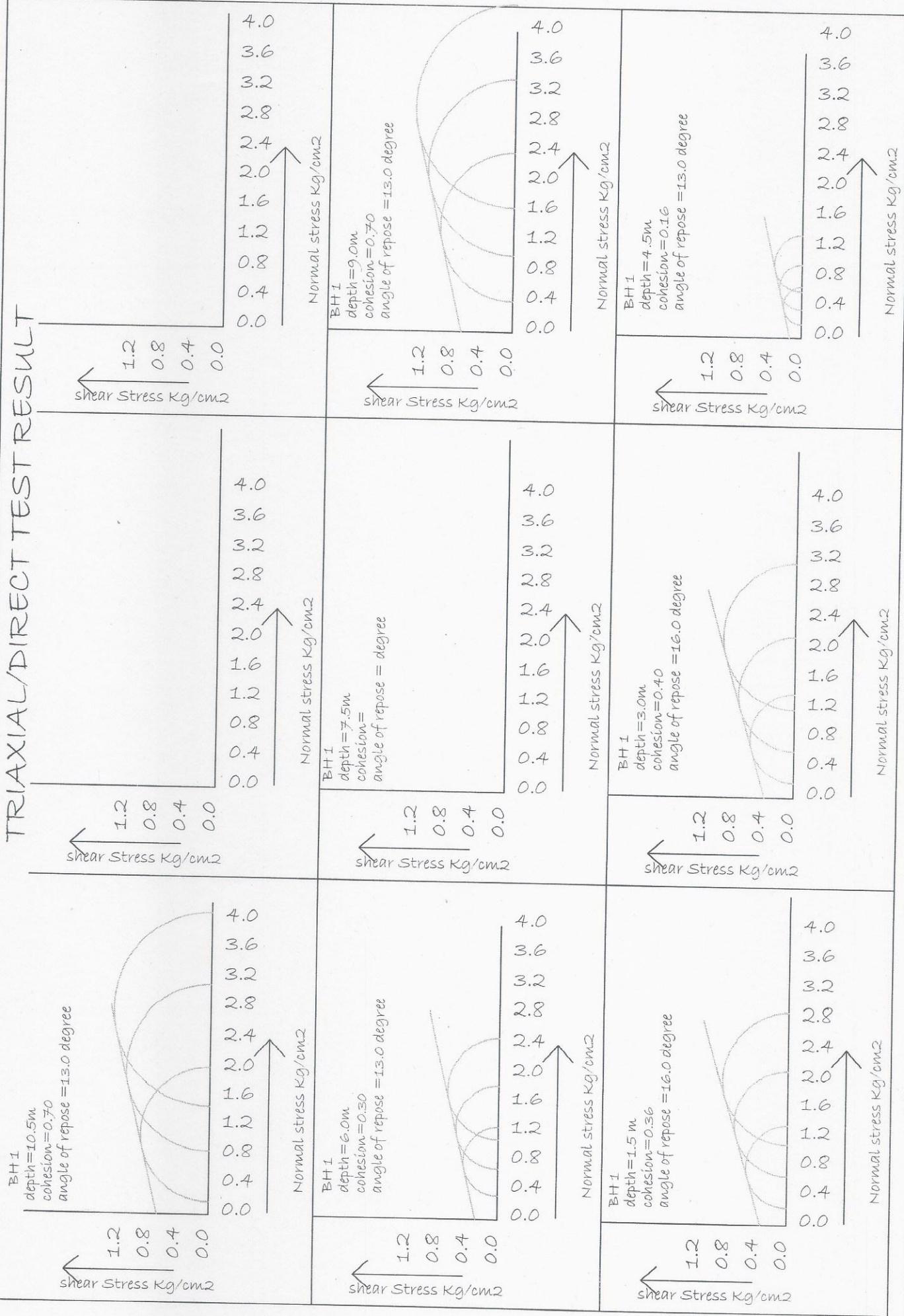
SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE

NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 t/m²

SAMPLE NO	DEPTH OF SAMPLE	OBSERVED VALUE	CORRECTED VALUE	VISUAL DESCRIPTION OF SOIL WITH B.I.S.	GRAIN SIZE ANALYSIS		ATTERBERG'S DENSITY LIMITS	DENSITY	NATURAL MOISTURE CONTENT (%)	SPECIFIC GRAVITY	ANGLE OF FRICTION IN DEGREE	COHESION C (kg/cm ²)	INDEX C _s	UNCONFINED COMPRESSION TEST, a	COMPRESSION INDEX C _d	VOID RATIO e ₀	CONSISTENCY LIMITS	SHEAR TEST	BORE HOLE NO :BH3	TERMINATION DEPTH :10.5	BORE HOLE NO :BH3	TABLE NO :7			
					5	10	20																		
UDS 5				Blackish clay CL	0.4	2.8	96.8	34	17	17	1.99	1.62	22.7	2.65											
SPT5 7.5	7			Reddish Silty clay CL	0.30	2.70	97.0	34	17	17	2.00	1.62	23.50	2.65	UUT	0.70	13.00								
UDS 6				Reddish Silty clay CL	0.40	2.60	97.0	34	18	16	2.02	1.63	23.70	2.65	UUT	0.70	13.00								
SPT6 9.0	13																								
DS7																									
SPT7 10.5	14																								
UUT : UNCONSOLIDATED UNDRAINED TRIAXIAL SHEAR TEST					UCT : UNCONFINED COMPRESSION SHEAR TEST					DST : DIRECT SHEAR TEST					SPT : STANDARD PENETRATION TEST VALUE					NOTES : CONSOLIDATION TEST RESULTS ARE FOR THE LOADING RANGE OF 5.0-10.0 kN/m ²					
1 SAMPLE SLIPED ~ TEST ON REMOULDLED SAMPLE																									

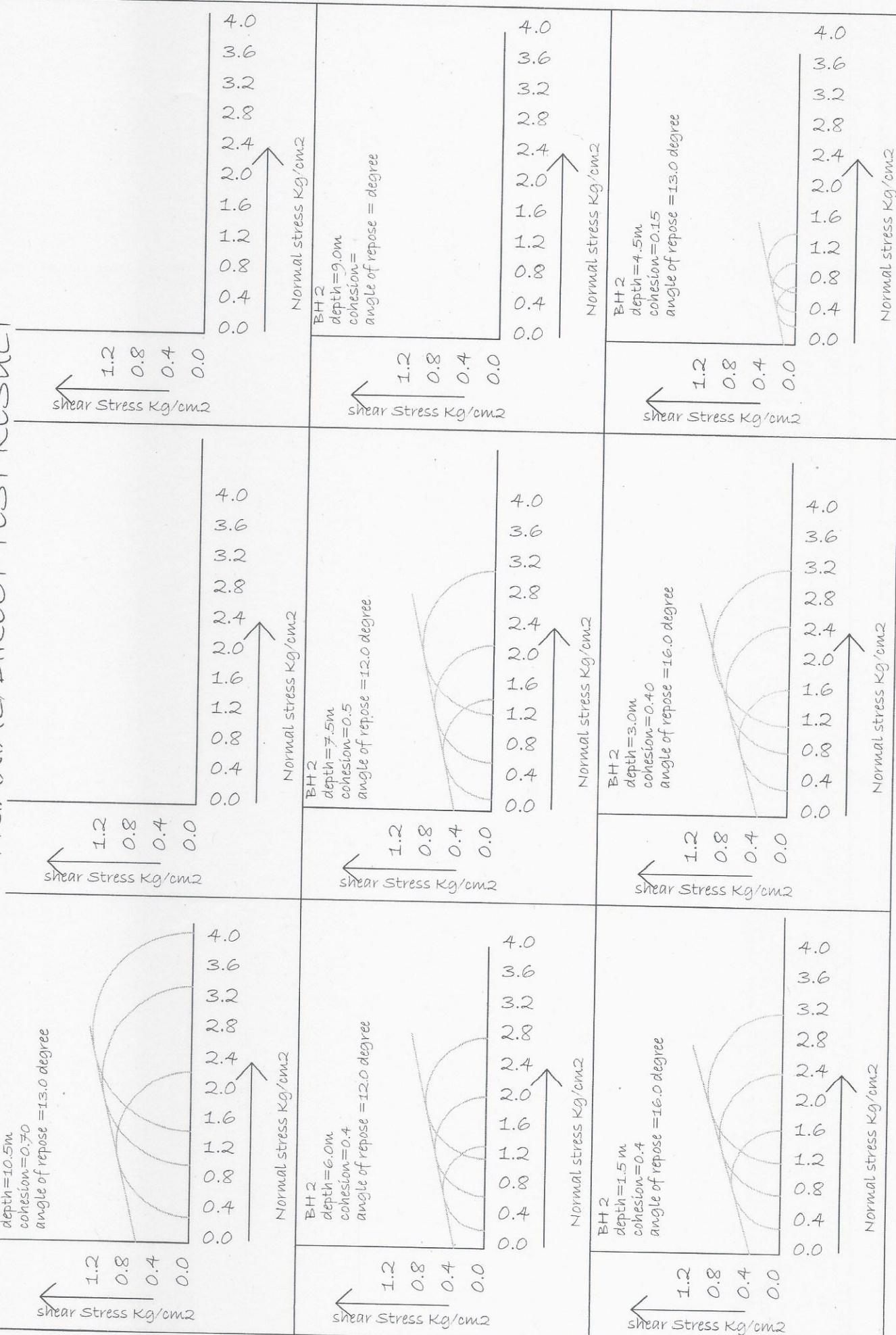
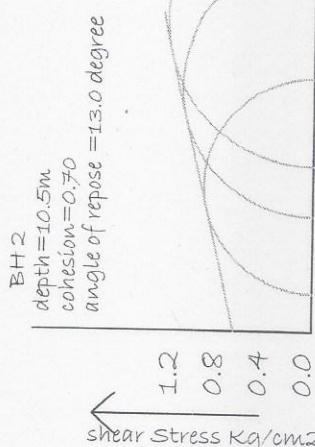
SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

TRIAXIAL/DIRECT TEST RESULT



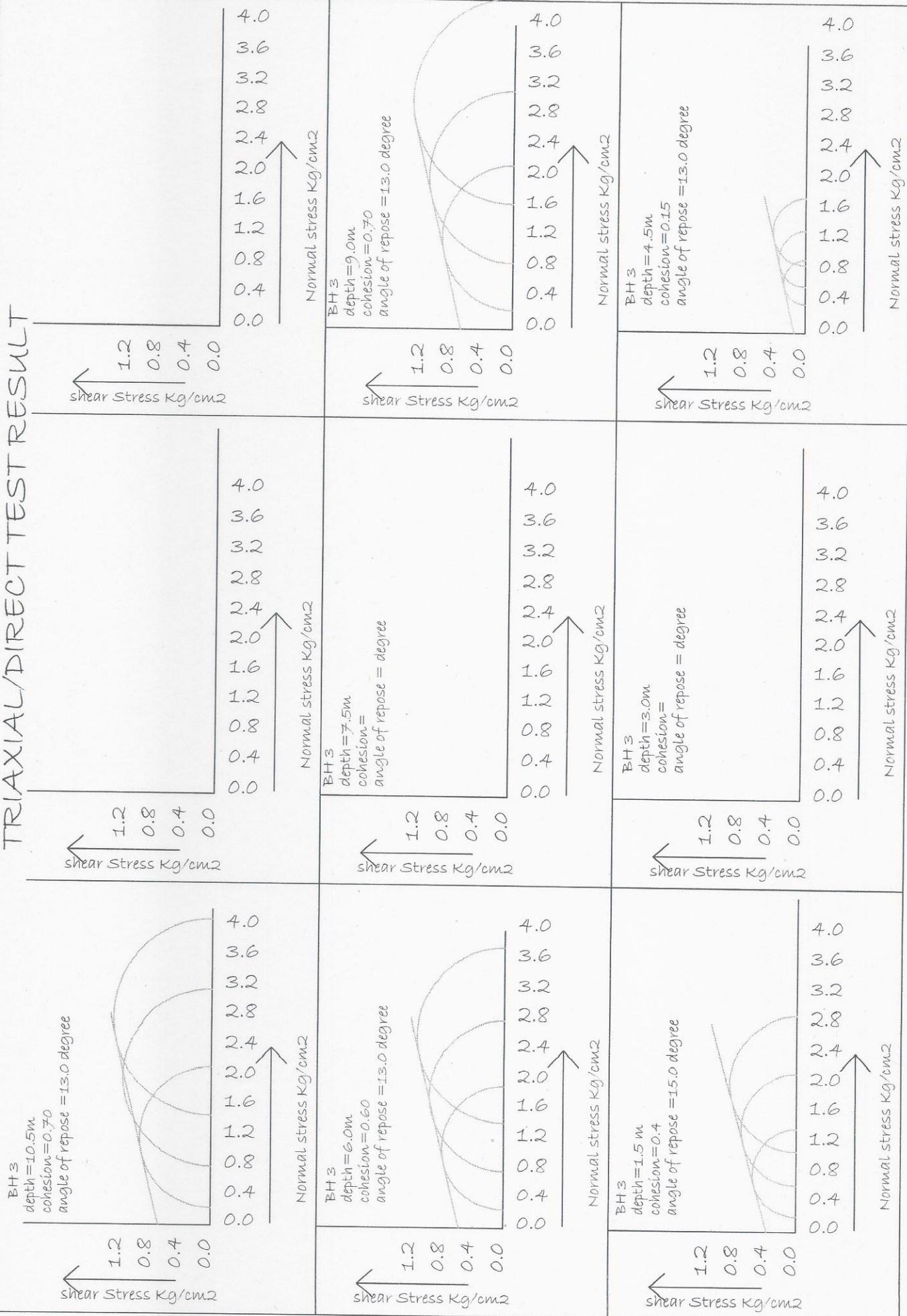
SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

TRIAXIAL/DIRECT TEST RESULT

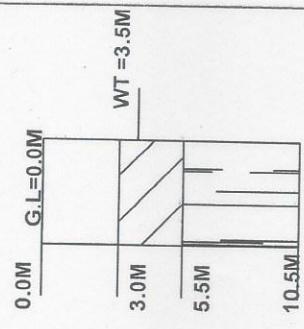
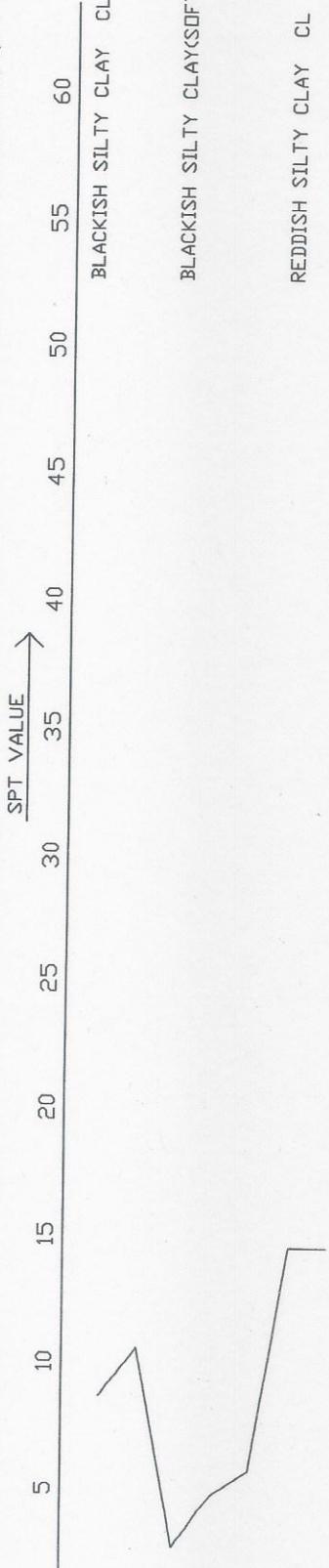


SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

TRIAXIAL/DIRECT TEST RESULT



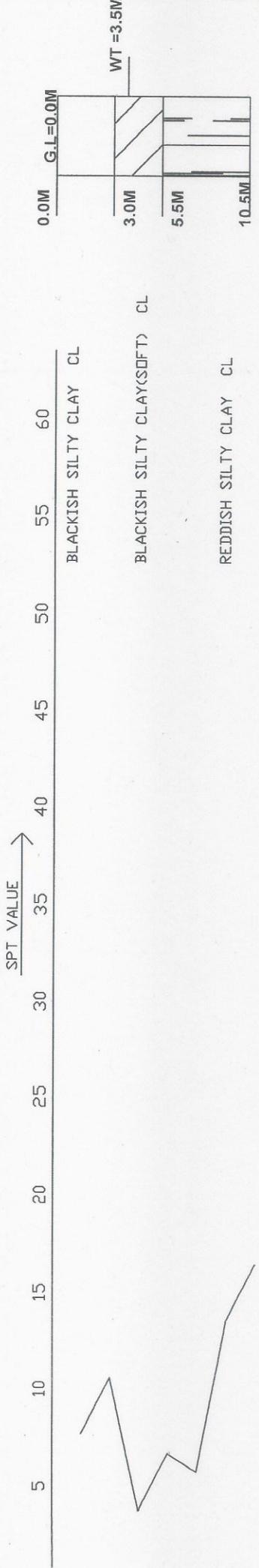
E LOG AND DEPTH ~ SPT GRAPH (CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA)



BORE LOG

BH1

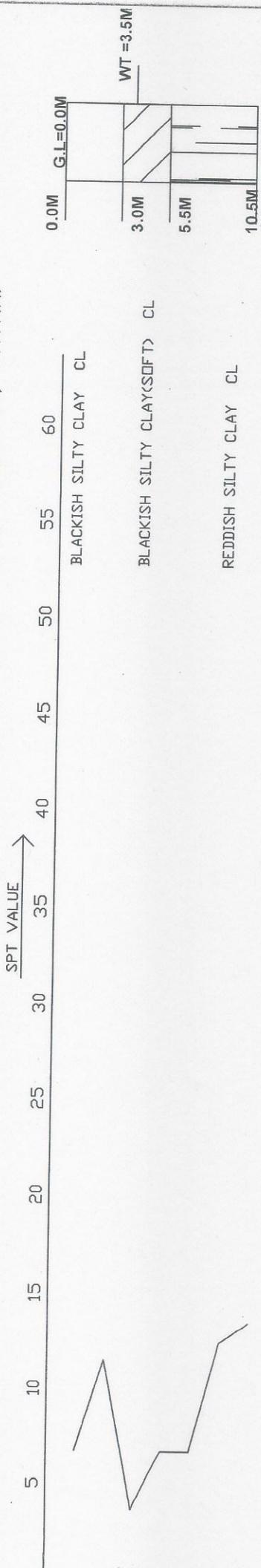
LOG AND DEPTH ~ SPT GRAPH (CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA)



BORE LOG

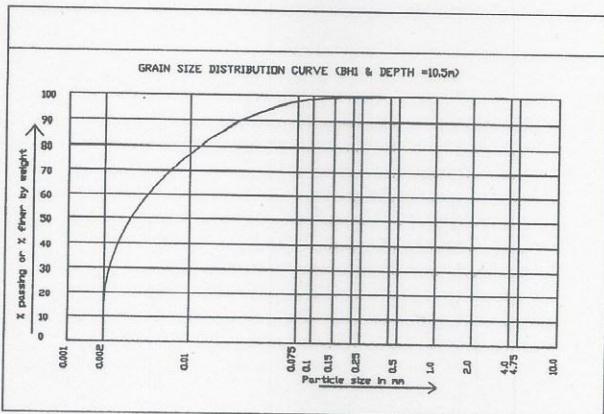
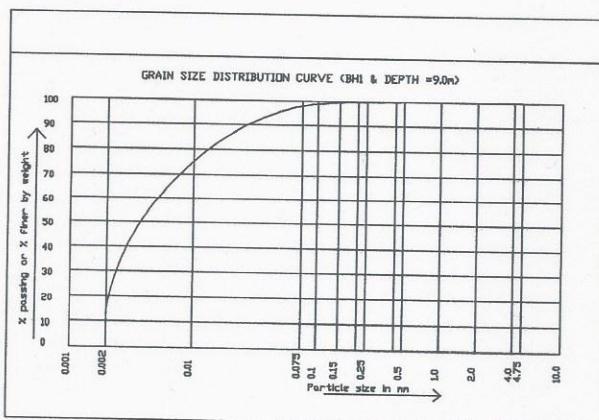
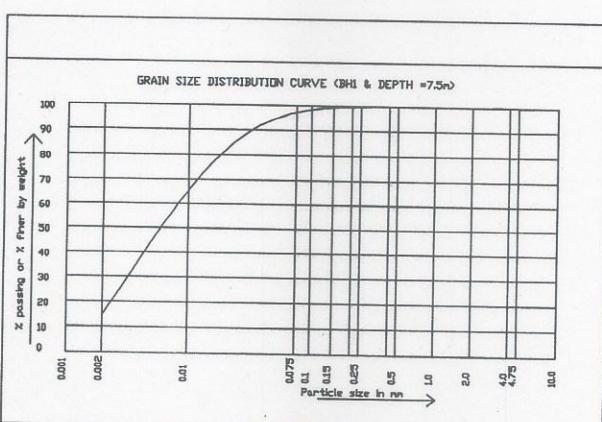
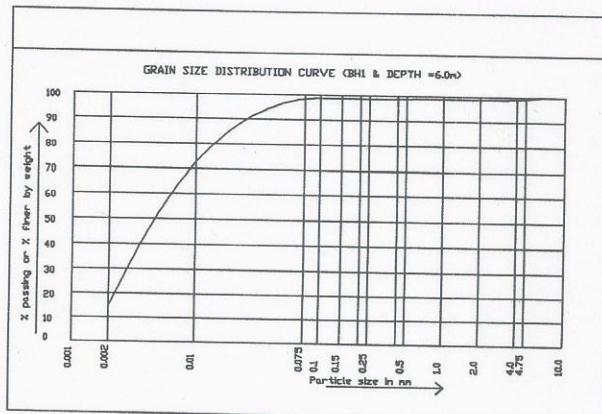
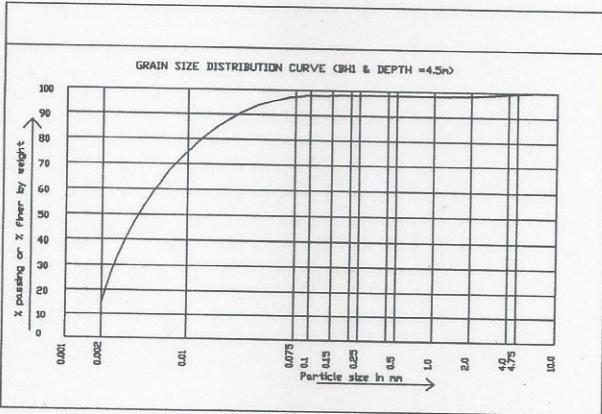
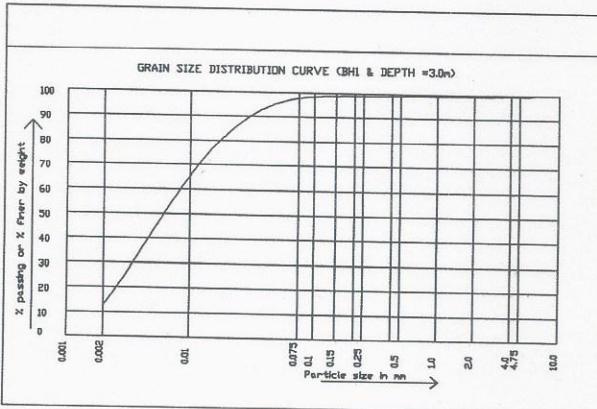
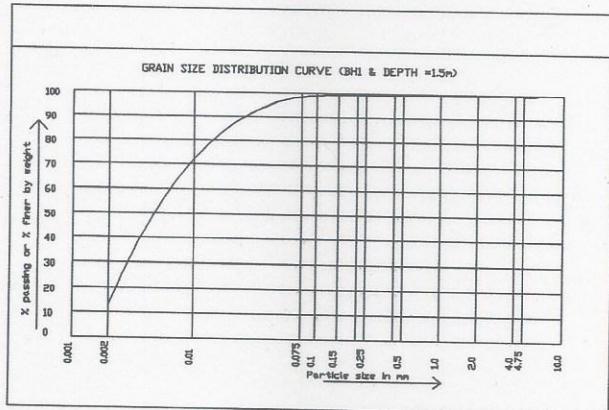
BH2

E LOG AND DEPTH ~ SPT GRAPH (CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA)

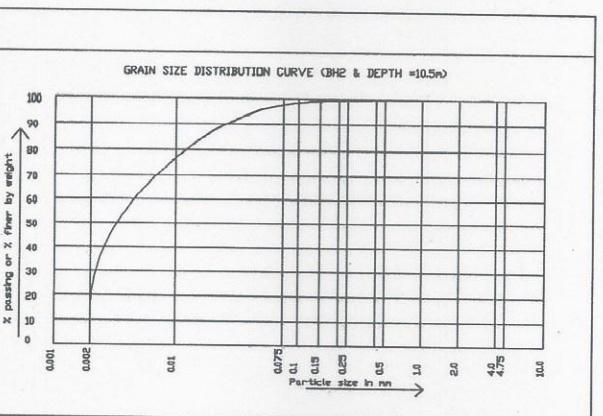
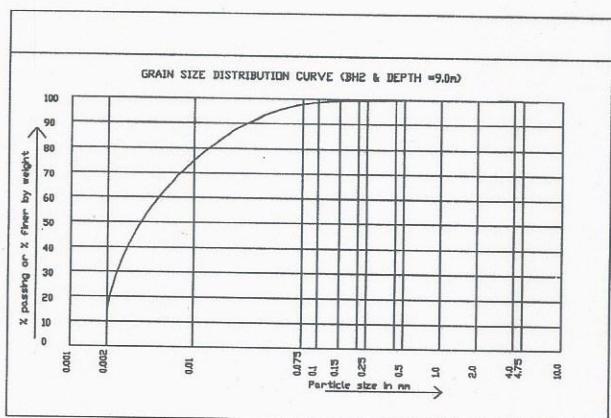
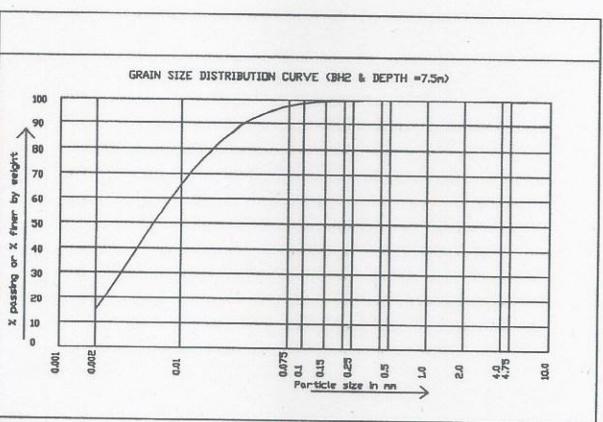
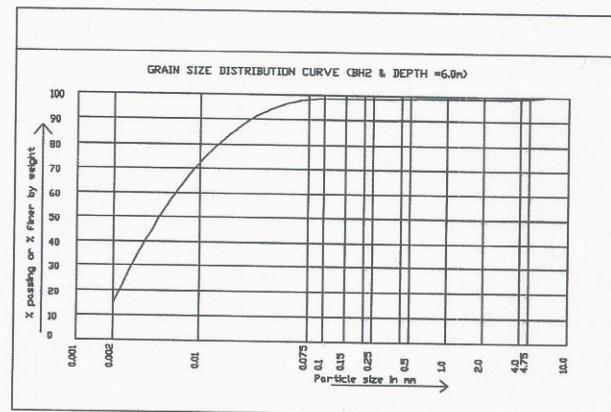
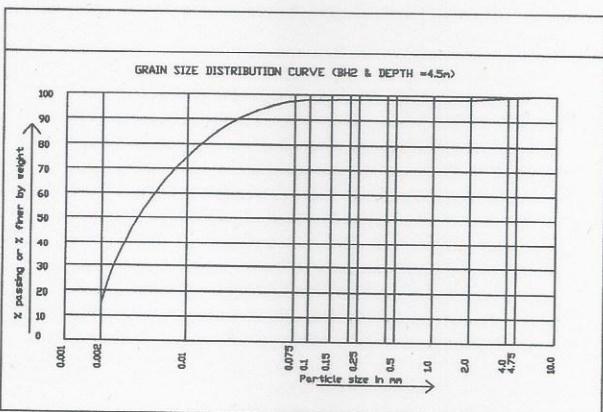
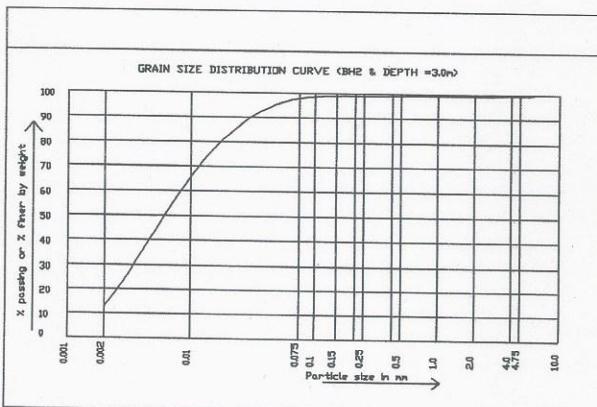
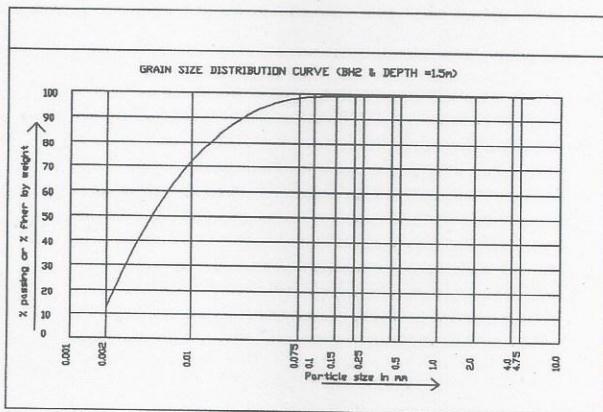


BORE LOG
BH3

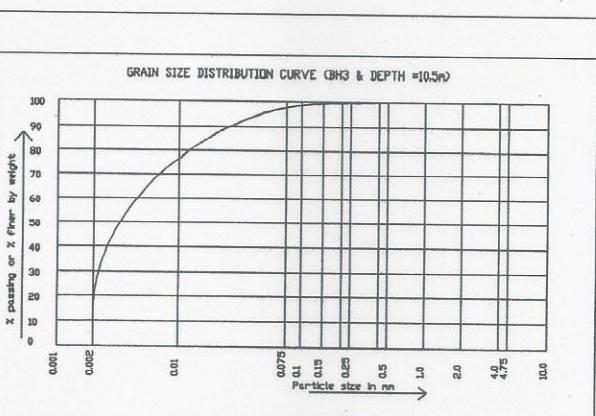
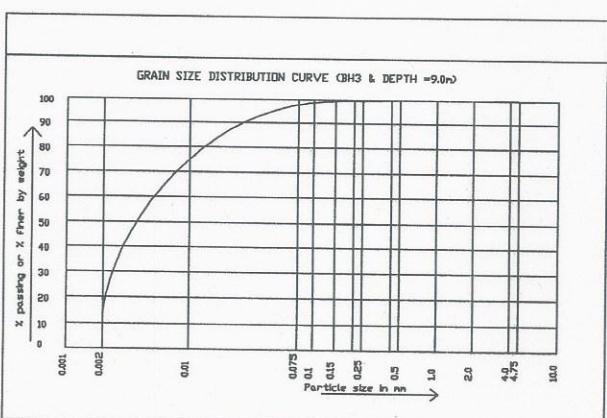
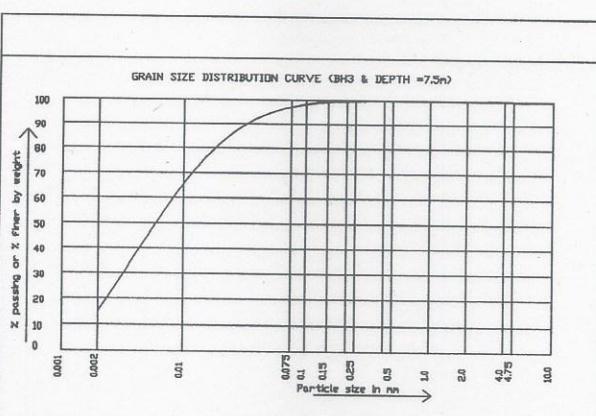
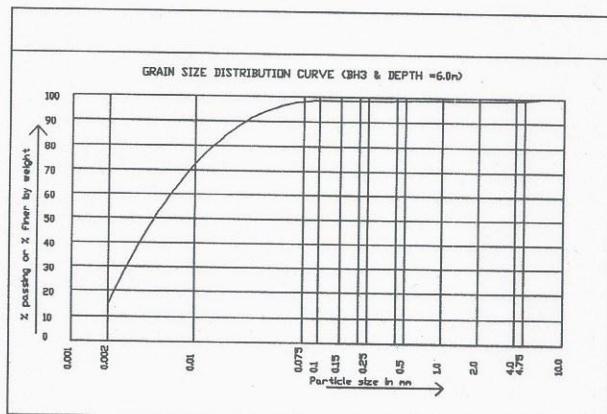
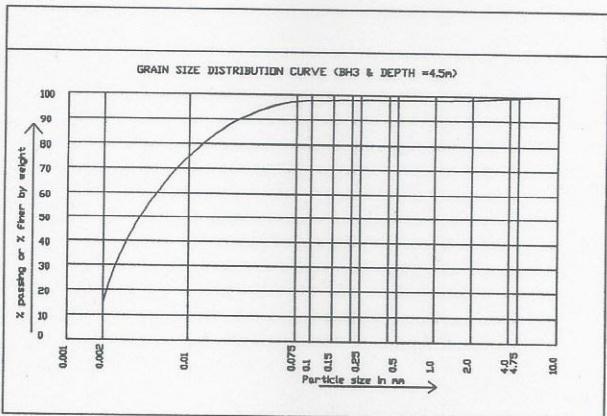
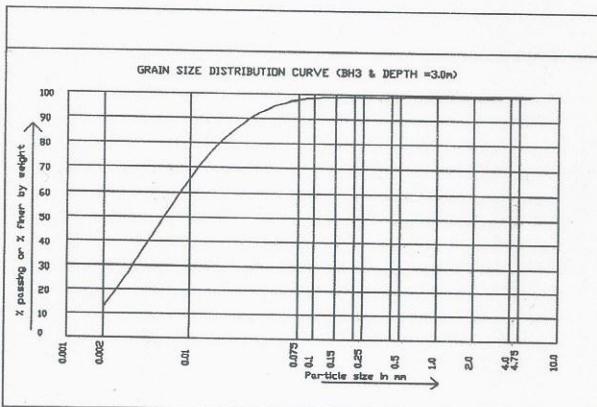
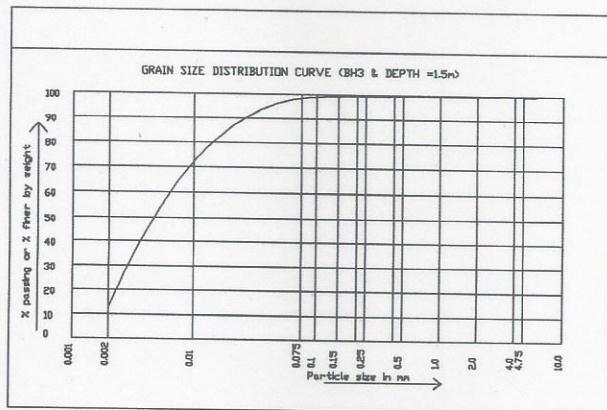
CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA



CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA



CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA



SAMPLE CALCULATION OF CAPACITY OF UNDER REAM PILE for			NAME OF PROJECT : SOIL INVESTIGATION FOR CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA										
The load carrying capacity of the pile has been calculated using IS : 2011 (Part III) 1980, Clause 5.2.3.1													
These calculations are based on													
(a) in fine- grained soils, only on cohesion (c). In t/m ² , taking angle of internal friction = 0													
This is likely to give the minimum capacity of the pile													
Pile diameter, D (m) =	0.3	Hence, area of pile base. A _p (m ²) =	0.071	& circumference (in m) of pile base j =	0.942								
Under ream, diameter, D _u (m) =	0.75	Hence, A _a (m ²) =	0.37	Spacing between under ream in m =	1.13								
The following values are taken in view of the codal provisions :													
Reduction factor, α, depending on N.													
Skin friction in clay, Q _s = α * C _a * A _s .	Total Ultimate capacity of pile, Q _u = A _p *N _c *C _p + A _a *N _c *C _a + C _a *A _s												
Total Ultimate capacity of pile, Q _u = A _p *N _c *C _p + A _a *N _c *C _a + C _a *A _s + Q _s													
Safe capacity of pile, Q _{sf} = Q _s / F.S + Q _b / F.S.													
takeing factor of safety =	2.5												
Depth of soil layer (m)	Soil type	Average cohesion C _a	cohesion C _p t/m ²	Thickness of layer, t [m]	Average cohesion C _a	A _s = m ²	A _p *N _c *C _p I	A _a *N _c *C _a II	C _a *A _s III	Q _s = α * C _a *A _s IV	Ultimate capacity (TON)	Safe capacity (TON)	
8	clay	4	7	8	5	6.47	4.47	16.65	13.30	12.94	47.36	19	

CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

Table 8

Soil stratification

DEPTH	SOIL TYPE	CONSISTANCY	CLASSIFICATION
0.0-3.0	BLACKISH SILTY CLAY	MEDIUM	CL
3.0-5.5	BLACKISH SILTY CLAY	SOFT	CL
5.5-10.5	REDDISH SILTY CLAY	MEDIUM TO STIFF	CL

WATER TABLE was found at 3.5m as reported in September'2019.

RECOMMENDATION

The present report is prepared on the basis of lab. Test result & field test conducted in the field.

The lab. Test result is obtained by conducting different test on representative sample obtained through 3 no. of bore holes whose location and depth were decided by Engineer-in-charge of the department and shown in the bore hole location plan. These Boreholes are marked as BH1, BH2 and BH3.

The laboratory test of soil samples obtained in all bore holes are given in Tables 2-7. Study of these tables reveals :

(a) Strata up to 10.5m consist of fine grained soil. But there exist a layer having soft consistency starting at 3.5m and end at 5.5m. Poor SPT value(3) has been reported at 4.5m depth below NGL. Thereafter, soil having medium consistency has been found. So, pile foundation is preferable foundation type.

Pile foundation is feasible for the site. Bentonite or casing may be suggested to prevent the collapse of pile bore. Since, Permissible differential settlement depends on the structural parameters such as structural system, span etc., these can be obtained from the IS 1904, 1986.

CONSTRUCTION OF PROJECT GIRLS HIGH SCHOOL, PANDARAK, PATNA

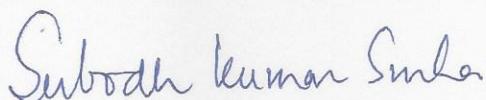
By way of example the calculated value of safe capacity of certain diameter of piles using IS : 2911 (Part III) 1980: -

Double Under-reamed Pile Capacity

Depth of Pile below GL(m)	Dia of Pile (m)	Dia of Under-reamed (m)	Allowable Capacity (Ton)
8.0	0.3	0.75	19
9.0	0.4	1.0	30

Limitation

If the sub-soil condition is found much different from those reported here during trenching, suitable steps should be taken. Back filling over footing shall be done with proper compaction. Pile capacity shall be confirmed by Initial and Routine pile load test as per relevant Indian codes.



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